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Lect 4 Everything you've ever wanted to know about Friction

The Lucky Cow: In this animation, car applies the brakes to avoid hitt how does this cause the car to slow.

The brakes source the wheels to ste

The Lucky Cow: In this animation, the driver of the car applies the brakes to avoid hitting the cow. But how does this cause the car to slow down and stop? The brakes cause the wheels to stop turning and to slide on the road surface. This action produces a force that resists the forward movement of the car. This force is called

Friction is a force You may be used to seeing moving objects slow down and stop once the force pushing or pulling the objects is removed. For example a wagon will stop moving once you stop pulling it. A ball will stop moving once it is caught. What you may not realize is that there are many forces acting upon objects that affect movement. Friction is one of these. Friction occurs when two objects are rubbed together. The bumps of one surface catch and hook into the bumps of the other surface. When the surfaces stick together, the motion between the objects slows down and stops. Frictional forces make it possible for us to walk, hold balls, open jars, and ride bikes. Lots of friction helps _ (cleats on soccer shoes help the shoes grip the ground), while little friction _ (moving over a smooth surface like a slide). Most motion on earth involves friction. A ball rolling on a level floor will eventually stop because the floor pushes against the ball and creates friction. When you play baseball and slide into a base, you stop because of friction between you and the earth. If there were no friction you would slide right on over the base. It is the force of friction that _ Many people think that it is a nuisance because it has causes us to apply a greater force to move an object. But in fact, it is of great help to us. If there is no friction, then cars cannot move on the road and we can hardly even walk.

The girl pushes on the ball, the ball pushes hack on the girl, but friction keeps the girl in place.

With roller skates taking away the inicion, the girl pushes on the ball, the ball pushes back on the girl, and the girl slides backwards.

Frictional forces act along the common surfaces between two bodies in contact so as to resist the relative motion of the two bodies. The frictions involved form an

Force applied Static Priction

There is no friction

It is small force—shown in place—is exerted on the block in the black chan no trace is applied

There is no friction

It is small force—shown in place—is exerted on the block, the black chan not break place in the black chan not break applied

When the force exerted on the block is greater than the lorse of white black chans not break applied

When the force exerted on the block is greater than the lorse of white block starts moving. Once the lock chans moving a listed friction is given, but work must be done against skiding micrion—shown in green.

Static friction

In the figure below, a horizontal force is applied to a body with an intention to move it to the right-side, as long as the body is at rest, the frictional force is equal to the applied force and directs to the left-side (opposite direction of motion) resisting the motion. The friction is

For stationary, f = F normal contact force R applied force static friction f weight Rough surface	If applied force is increased, the frictional force will also increase until it reaches the As the applied force increases further, the body will begin to move. The limiting frictional force is independent of the applied force but depends on the nature of the surfaces and the normal contact force.
=limiting friction external force friction	This figure shows that object begin to move if the applied force is larger than the limiting friction. Before that, the frictional force increased with the applied force.
A plane and it's friction experience Sliding friction = HEAT The friction between the wheels and the ground is an example	
	of rolling friction is usually less than the force of sliding friction opposes the motion of objects traveling through a fluid , water, milk and air are ALL fluids
Bill Nye Video: Friction	
. What is friction?	

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- 2. Explain why the Triangular Weight doesn't slide down the tilted Friction Ramp of Science even though gravity is pulling it down.
- 3. What causes heat?
- 4. Why do athletes often have spikes on their shoes?
- 5. Do skates & skis create friction? Explain.
- 6. Why is a round bowling ball better than a square bowling ball?
- 7. Does air have friction? Does water?
- 8. How does mucus help a slug move?
- 9. Give 5 examples of friction